Bill No.		1	2-09	
Concerning:	Ethics	-	Ex	Parte Parte
Communi	cations			
Revised: 3-1	16-10		Oraft 5	
Introduced:	March 3	1, 20	009	
Enacted:	March 16	3, 20	10	
Executive:				
Effective:				
Sunset Date:	None			
Ch. La	ws of Mon	t. Co).	

COUNTY COUNCIL FOR MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND

By: Councilmembers Floreen, Ervin, and Leventhal; Council Vice-President Berliner, and Council President Andrews

AN ACT to:

- (1) further define which communications are allowed when a decision must be made on the basis of a record; and
- (2) generally amend the County law regarding communications to decision-makers.

By amending

Montgomery County Code Chapter 19A, Ethics Section 19A-15

<u>Chapter 2A, Administrative Procedures Act</u> <u>Section 2A-8</u>

Boldface *Heading or defined term.*

<u>Underlining</u>
Single boldface brackets]
Added to existing law by original bill.
Deleted from existing law by original bill.

Double underlining Added by amendment.

[[Double boldface brackets]] Deleted from existing law or the bill by amendment.

* * Existing law unaffected by bill.

The County Council for Montgomery County, Maryland approves the following Act:

Sec. 1. Section 19A-15 is amended as follows: 1 19A-15. Disclosure of confidential information; ex parte communications. 2 * * * 3 (b) (1) A public employee decision-maker must not consider any [ex 4 parte or private] communication made outside of the record 5 regarding any matter that must be decided on the basis of a 6 record[[,]] [after giving interested parties an opportunity for a 7 hearing] [[including any matter that would be subject to a future 8 on-the-record proceeding which is reasonably foreseeable. 9 future proceeding is reasonably foreseeable if an interested party: 10 (A) has engaged an attorney, expert, planner, architect, or other 11 consultant to perform work on a specific matter that would 12 be subject to a future on-the-record proceeding; or 13 14 (B) has taken any other action to prepare to file an application or other document on a specific matter that would be 15 subject to a future on-the-record proceeding]] 16 after an application is filed or a proceeding is otherwise initiated. 17 Except as otherwise expressly authorized by law, any public 18 (2) employee decision maker, and any public employee who directly 19 advises a decision maker, must not: 20 initiate or participate in any communication outside the (A) 21 record with any person regarding a matter that must be 22 23 decided on the basis of a record; or (B) conduct an independent investigation of any fact [[in or]] 24 25 related to [[a record of]] a matter that [[is before or will come before the decision-maker]] must be decided on the 26 basis of a record. 27

28		<u>(3)</u>	The recipient of any communication made outside the record,
29			including advice rendered by officials or staff of another
30			government agency, must [incorporate any ex parte or private]
31			promptly enter that communication in the record. If the
32			communication was oral, the recipient must write down the
33			substance of the communication and enter it into the record. The
34			decision-making body may consider [ex parte or private
35			communications] any communication made outside of the record
36			if all parties are given [an appropriate] a reasonable opportunity
37			to respond.
38		<u>(4)</u>	This subsection does not [apply to] restrict a communication that
39			consists solely of:
40			[(1)] (A) advice rendered to a decision-maker by an attorney [for
41			the County] employed or retained by the decision-maker's
42			agency;
43			[(2)] (\underline{B}) advice rendered \underline{to} \underline{a} decision-maker by appropriate
44			officials or staff of [County or other government agencies]
45			the decision-maker's agency;
46			(C) a procedural question that does not involve the substance
47			of facts in a record; and
48			[(3)] (D) discussions between members of a decision-making
49			body.
50	<u>Sec. 2</u>	2. Section	on 2A-8 is amended as follows:
51	2A-8.	Heari	ngs.
52			* * *
53	(b)	Officia	al record.

54	(1)	The hearing authority must prepare, maintain and supervise the		
55		custody of an official record in each case. The record must		
56		include testimony, exhibits and verbatim transcript, if any		
57		submitted during the hearing and at other times the record is open		
58		to receive evidence. Documentary evidence may be received in		
59		the form of copies, excerpts, photographic reproductions or by		
50		incorporation by reference. The hearing authority must make the		
51		official record available for inspection to all affected persons		
52		before any hearing.		
53	(2)	[[a. This paragraph applies to any ex parte or private		
54		communication, written or oral, received by a member of a		
65		hearing authority if:		
56		(i) the communication relates to a contested matter		
67		before the hearing authority;		
58		(ii) all appellate rights regarding the contested matter		
59		have not been exhausted; and		
70		(iii) the hearing authority is required by law to make a		
71		decision on the matter based on the record before it.		
72		b. This paragraph does not apply to:		
73		(i) legal or technical advice rendered by government		
74		agency staff or an attorney for the County at the		
75		request of the hearing authority;		
76		(ii) any communication about the status or procedure of		
77		a pending matter or;		
78		(iii) any communication between members of the		
79		hearing authority.		

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- c. If a member of a hearing authority receives an oral ex parte or private communication, that member must reduce the substance of the communication to writing within a reasonable time after receipt of the communication.
- d. If a final administrative decision has not been made prior to receipt of the ex parte or private conversation, the hearing authority must send a written notice to all parties that discloses the contents of the communication and states whether the hearing authority will consider the communication as a basis for its decision under subparagraph e.]]
- [[e.]] Section 19A-15(b) applies to any ex parte or private communications received by a member of a hearing authority. The hearing authority must include the ex parte or private communication in the record and may:
 - (i) consider the communication as a basis for its decision after giving all parties an opportunity to respond to the communication; or
 - (ii) decide the matter if the hearing authority expressly finds that it has not considered the communication as a basis for its decision.
- [[f.]] The substance of an ex parte or private communication received after a final administrative decision and before appellate rights have been exhausted must be maintained in the case file and, in [[the event of]] any remand, treated [[in accordance with all other provisions of]] as required by this paragraph.

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108	Approved:				
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110	Nancy Floreen, President, County Counci	1			Date
111	Approved:				
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113					
114	Isiah Leggett, County Executive				Date
115	This is a correct copy of Council action.				
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118	Linda M. Lauer, Clerk of the Council				Date